

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Position: \_\_\_\_\_

## CITE THE RULE **FUN** QUIZ 2

September 23, 2017

Today we examine the rules governing discipline and disciplinary procedure.

1. Cite which section in the DPH Constitution that states the three levels of disciplinary sanction DPH can impose on members. This section also states where the reasons and procedures for disciplinary action are defined.
2. Cite which section in the DPH Bylaws that specifies the reasons and procedures for disciplinary action against a member.
3. Cite the section that states the governing authority for all DPH meetings and conventions is *Roberts Rules of Order Newly Revised* unless inconsistent with the DPH Constitution, Bylaws, or special rules of order adopted by DPH and any respective county.

### **Principles of Interpretation**

Robert's 4<sup>th</sup> Principle of Interpretation (RONR 11<sup>th</sup> ed. p.589, l.33 – p.590, l.5) states:

*If the bylaws authorize certain things specifically, other things of the same class are thereby prohibited.*

The assumption is nothing is placed in the bylaws without reason, and the intent of specifying things of a class that *can* be done, implicitly *prohibits* being able to do things in the same class that were not specified.

DPH Bylaws Article I Section 8A (pp.5-7) specifies the grounds, sanctions, procedure and enforcement of discipline the organization may impose on its members.

4. According the DPH Constitution and Robert's 4<sup>th</sup> Principle of Interpretation, would DPH have justification to discipline a member for violating public law?
5. Cite the rule that states: *Every member shall support candidates who are members of the Party and request the Party's support in the general, special or nonpartisan elections.*

Would this rule apply to *primary elections*? Why?

Would this rule apply to the *electoral college election*? Why?